

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Fiddes Australia Tinted Hard Wax Oils

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

**Product name** Fiddes Australia Tinted Hard Wax Oils

Internal identification All Colours

Container size 250ml, 1ltr, 2.5ltr.

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses For full details regarding recommended uses please

refer to the product label.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Fiddes Australia

Factory 13, 100 New Street, Ringwood, 3134. Melbourne. Australia.

+61 03 8813 0338

Manufacturer Fiddes and son

Florence works, Brindley road, Cardiff. CF11 8TX. UK

+44 (0) 2920 340323 +44 (0) 2920 343235 info@fiddes.co.uk

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Infotrac 1-352-323-3500

National emergency telephone 02920 340323

number

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Health hazards Not Classified

Environmental hazards Not Classified

# 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

#### Fiddes Australia Tinted Hard Wax Oils

Hazard statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

**Precautionary statements** P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

30-60%

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplementary precautionary

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

statements

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

# Hydrocarbons, C9-11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,cylics, <2%

aromatics

CAS number: 1174522-20-3 EC number: 919-857-5

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

ethanol 5-10%

CAS number: 64-17-5 EC number: 200-578-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 1-5%

CAS number: 108-65-6 EC number: 203-603-9

Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

Cobalt Zirconium Carboxylate <1%

CAS number: —

Classification

Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Resp. Sens. 1A - H334

## Fiddes Australia Tinted Hard Wax Oils

methanol		<1%
CAS number: 67-56-1	EC number: 200-659-6	
01 15 11		
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Acute Tox. 3 - H301		
Acute Tox. 3 - H311		
Acute Tox. 3 - H331		
STOT SE 1 - H370		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if symptoms

are severe or persist.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Do not

induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.

**Skin contact** Rinse with water.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

InhalationNo specific symptoms known.IngestionNo specific symptoms known.Skin contactNo specific symptoms known.

**Eye contact** No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is flammable. If a fire occurs Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon

dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding

fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### Specific hazards

Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire or explosion hazard.

# Hazardous combustion products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

# Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

# Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Personal precautions

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Once evaporation is complete, place paper in a suitable waste disposal container and seal securely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

#### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### **Usage precautions** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in

Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken

packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from oxidising materials,

heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool,

well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cylics, <2% aromatics

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

#### ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

# 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 274 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 548 mg/m³ Sk

#### methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³ Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cylics, <2% aromatics (CAS: 1174522-20-3)

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 125 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 125 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 185 mg/m³

## 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Protective equipment





#### Fiddes Australia Tinted Hard Wax Oils

Appropriate engineering

controls

As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

**Eye/face protection** Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following

protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if

a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke

when using this product.

Respiratory protection Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'-

marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use

should be used.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Coloured liquid.

Colour Various colours.

Odour Characteristic.

Odour threshold No information available.

**pH** Not applicable.

Melting point No information available.

Initial boiling point and range 155°C

Flash point > 43°C Closed cup.

Evaporation rate

No information available.

Evaporation factor

No information available.

Flammability (solid, gas) No information available.

riammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

No information available.

Other flammability No information available.

Vapour pressure Data lacking.

Vapour density No information available.

Relative density 0.85-0.89 @ 20°C

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

#### Fiddes Australia Tinted Hard Wax Oils

Auto-ignition temperature >240°C

**Viscosity** 50-70 s @ 20°C

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 500 g/l.

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** See the other subsections of this section for further details.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode

when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Static electricity and formation of sparks

must be prevented.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Oxidising materials. Acids - oxidising.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

#### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Animal data**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

#### Fiddes Australia Tinted Hard Wax Oils

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure 
Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard** 

**Aspiration hazard** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

InhalationNo specific symptoms known.IngestionNo specific symptoms known.Skin contactNo specific symptoms known.Eye contactNo specific symptoms known.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target organs** No specific target organs known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

**Disposal methods**Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a

licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is

not feasible.

#### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)** 1263

**UN No. (IMDG)** 1263

UN No. (ICAO) 1263

**UN No. (ADN)** 1263

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Proper shipping name (ICAO) PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Proper shipping name (ADN) PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

ADR/RID classification code F1

ADR/RID label 3

IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

ADN class 3

## Transport labels



# 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group

ICAO packing group

ADN packing group

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No

14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-E, S-E

ADR transport category 3

Emergency Action Code •3Y

Hazard Identification Number

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

30

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

# Inventories

#### **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations Fla

and acronyms

Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid

Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226: : Expert judgement.

**Training advice** Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 26/10/2023

Revision 8

Supersedes date 07/03/2022

SDS number 5049

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.